

# pharmacological class of chloramphenicol

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Premature infants and neonates who weigh less than 2 kg 4. Drug usually produces bacteriostatic effects on susceptible bacteria, including Rickettsia, Chlamydia, Mycoplasma, and certain Salmonella strains, as well as most gram-positive and gram-negative organisms. Instill 2 to 3 drops into ear canal t. Drug may be removed by charcoal hemoperfusion. Warn him not to touch applicator tip to eye or surrounding tissue. Solution remains stable for 30 days at room temperature; however, refrigeration is recommended. Plasma chloramphenicol levels may be elevated in patients with renal impairment after I. Inhibits hepatic metabolism by inhibiting microsomal enzyme activity, thus prolonging plasma half-life of these drugs and increasing risk of toxicity from increased serum drug levels. Apply small amount of ointment to lower conjunctival sac h. Available forms Available by prescription only Injection: Drug therapy will cause false-positive results on tests for urine glucose level using cupric sulfate Clinitest. To use ointment alone, apply small amount to lower conjunctival sac q 3 to 6 hours or more frequently, if needed. Give penicillin 1 hour or more before chloramphenicol to avoid reducing bactericidal activity of penicillin. Distributed widely to most body tissues and fluids, including CSF, liver, and kidneys; it readily crosses the placental barrier. Rub into affected area b. Check injection site daily for phlebitis and irritation. Drug has prolonged half-life in neonates, necessitating special dose. Instill 2 drops of solution in eye q hour until condition improves, or instill q. Stop drug immediately if results indicate anemia, reticulocytopenia, leukopenia, or thrombocytopenia. Chloramphenicol is used to treat Haemophilus influenzae infection, Rocky Mountain spotted fever, meningitis, lymphogranuloma, psittacosis, severe meningitis, and bacteremia. Jump to Pharmacology - Chloramphenicol stops bacterial growth by binding to the bacterial ribosome (blocking peptidyl transferase) and inhibiting protein synthesis. Mechanism of action. Chloramphenicol is lipid-soluble, allowing it to diffuse through the bacterial cell membrane. It then reversibly binds to the L16 ?Identification ?Interactions ?References ?Economics. Chloramphenicol Inj Rx. Chloramphenicol sodium succinate mg/mL; pwd for IV inj after reconstitution; sodium content mEq/g chloramphenicol; preservative-free. Indications for Chloramphenicol Inj. chloramphenicol. Chloromycetin, Chloroptic, Fenicol ?, Ocu-Chlor, Pentamycetin ? chloramphenicol sodium succinate. Chloromycetin Sodium Succinate, Pentamycetin ?. Pharmacologic classification: dichloroacetic acid derivative. Therapeutic classification: antibiotic. Pregnancy risk category C. Antibiotic Class: Chloramphenicol. Antimicrobial Spectrum: Gram-positive: Streptococcus spp., Staphylococcus spp., Enterococcus spp., Bacillus anthracis, Drug Interactions: Chloramphenicol is an inhibitor of the cytochrome P 2C9 and 3A4 isoenzyme. Caution should be exercised and monitoring is suggested when. Chloramphenicol is an Amphenicol-class Antibacterial. The chemical classification of chloramphenicol is Amphenicols. FDA Pharmacology Summary from FDA Pharm Classes. Chloramphenicol is a semisynthetic, broad-spectrum antibiotic derived from Streptomyces venequellae with primarily bacteriostatic activity. Sodium Succinate. Otic route. Chloramphenicol belongs to the family of medicines called antibiotics. Chloramphenicol otic drops are used to treat infections of the ear canal. This Read more. Brand names include: Chloromycetin, Sopamycetin. Drug classes About this: Antibacterial, Antibiotic, Chloramphenicol (class). Medscape - Indication-specific dosing for Chloramphenicol IV, Chloromycetin (chloramphenicol), frequency-based adverse effects, comprehensive interactions, contraindications, pregnancy & lactation schedules, and cost information. May 14, - Chloramphenicol - Get up-to-date information on Chloramphenicol side effects, uses, dosage, overdose, pregnancy, alcohol and more. Learn more about Chloramphenicol. Chloramphenicol is a highly effective and well-tolerated broad-spectrum antibiotic. However, because it causes blood dyscrasias, it is prohibited for use in food-producing animals in several countries, including the USA and Canada. Thiamphenicol is less effective but safer than chloramphenicol; florfenicol, a thiamphenicol. Detailed drug Information for chloramphenicol Oral, Intravenous, Injection. Includes common brand names, drug descriptions, warnings, side effects and dosing information. Therapeutic Class: Antibiotic. Chemical Class: Chloramphenicol (class). Think Before You Ink: Health Risks Associated With Tattoos. Slideshow.